IT'S A GRAND GAME OF GRAB

Iron-Hallers in the Various States Tying Up the Funds with Litigation.

It Will Evidently Require a Heap of Lawing and Much Money for Attorneys' Fees to Establish Failey's Authority.

Stormy Meeting of Branch No. 1, at Which Davis and Walker Speak.

The Former Don't Believe That Bond Worth a Million-Somerby Calls a Meeting of the Fragments in Chicago.

WIDESPREAD LITIGATION.

Iron Hailers in Other States Inclined to Hang on to What They Havo. The general "game of grab" that was feared in the Iron Hall wreck has already begun. Whether it is fright upon the part of members, or whether it is partly due to the efforts of supreme officers to hang on to the funds, certain it is that the movement to tie up funds in the various States as very general. Litigation is in progress in a number of different States, and in but one of these-Maryland-is its purpose in harmony with the receivership here. Receivers have already been appointed in that State, with the understanding that they will act in harmony with the receiver of the Supreme Sitting, Mr. Failey. A receiver was appointed in Michigan yesterday with the avowed purpose, the dispatches say, of estopping the collection of funds in that State by the Indianapolis receiver, about \$30,000 of which are in a Detroit bank. This amount has been garmisheed by the Michigan receiver, E. T.

In St. Louis application has been made for a receiver of the Supreme Sitting. That cannot be granted by a State court, for the corporation has no residence there. About fifty thousand collars of the order's money is held in that State, and H. E. Smith will appear at the hearing there to-morrow as attorney for Receiver Failey, and seek to have the money turned over to him by order of the corrt. In the meantime applications are pending in Cleveland, Jersey City and

Mesers. Harris, Hawkins and Smith have been retained as attorneys by Receiver Failey, as well as Harold Taylor. When fr. Smith departed for St. Louis last night Mr. Hawkins was already on his way to Philadelphia to look after the order's in-terest in the "snap" bank. If the members persist in this litigation in other States they will be the only losers, while the attorneys and members who come in under the Indiana receivership will be the gamers.

"There is nothing alarming about these suits in other States," said Mr. H. E. Smith, of the receiver's counsel, last evening. "If receivers are appointed there, and decline to account with us, we shall simply sue them and let the courts decide. If we are defeated, so much the worse for the members in those States, where there are dribs of from \$20,000 to \$100,000 of the order's funds. Where they would get, say \$2, under this receivership, they will only get 50 cents there. The bulk of the funds, about \$600,000, is here in Indianapolis, and the more members whose State receivers or branches decline to come in under the receivership the more there will be left to divide up among those who do. Should all the other States stay out this \$600,000 would afford a nice dividend for the 1,200 members in Indiana."

LITIGATION ELSEWHERE, Measures Taken to Tie Up the Funds of the

Order at Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25 .- The affairs of the Order of Iron Hall in this city were brought to a crisis to-day by the filing of a bill in equity against the answers of the Supreme Sitting of the Iron Hall. The court is asked to appoint a receiver for the entire State of Pennsylvania and to direct that the business of the order in this State be wound up and the funds restored to the persons from whom they were received. It is expected that a hearing for a preliminary injunction will be held to-morrow before Judge Bregy, of the Common Pleas Court. There is considerable speculation here as to the whereabouts of Supreme Justice Somerby, of the Order of Iron Hall. Al-though he was expected to arrive here yes-terday no one was able to find him in Philadelphia, and last night a report was current that he was in Detroit, from which place it was said he could easily get into Canada if such a step became necessary. A second bill in equity asking an injunction and receiver for the Iron Hall was filed late this afternoon in the name of Isaac Hartley, a member of local Franch

148, of this city. The lawyers representing numerous claims against the Iron Hall in Camden, N , have combined for concerted action in behalf of their clients. Besides the injunctions issued against the order, executions have been taken out on the more in the treasury of the local branch. The claims are for the payment of matured certificates.

No Receiver at Detroit. DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 25 .- In the absence of every one of the Wayne county Circuit judges from the city on vacations the complainants in the ten fron Hall cases had to fall back upon Circuit Commissioner Watson to-day in the matter of the appointment of a receiver. It was agreed that E. C. Wilkes, of the law firm of Walker & Walker, should be selected. The question of the commissioner's jurisdiction in the matter of the appointment was brought up. It was found that the court lacked jurisdiction, because none of the supreme officers, defendants in the suits, have been subprenaed. After a consultation of attorneys it was decided to postpone the whole affair unnotice could be served on Dr Younghusband, of this city, the chairman of the board of supreme trustees. In the meantime the injunctions which have already been secured will prevent the disposal, in any shape, of the funds of the ten branches. Service was made upon Dr. Younghusband, late this evening, and the question will be revived in a day or two.

Application in New Jersey. JERSEY CITY, N. J., Aug. 25.-Application for an injunction and receiver for the Iron Hall has been made in this city, and an order granted returnable Sept. 7.

BRANCH NO. 1 MEETS.

Davis and Walker Defend Themselves and

Tell a Few Queer Things. Branch No. 1 held a stormy and protracted meeting in the Iron Hall building last night. A reporter took up a position on a stool behind a door, in the ante-room, and managed to catch a disjointed report of the proceedings, but as he was compelled to vacate and assume an innocent air every time any person, growing tired of listening to lengthy speeches, left the hall, it was impossible to obtain anything like a stenographic report of the work.

Supreme Cashier Davis was present and made a long speech in justification of himself. He said: "I have been endeavoring for the past two years to institute a reform in my office, but-" and then the reporter vacate to avoid discovery. again managed to get the door Mr. Davis was saying: "One man I know of got \$800 for nothing ... What followed immediately after this was drowned in applause, and by the time this subsided the reporter had to again leave his position to avoid detection.

door to hear what came next. In a voice like thunder Mr. Davis cried: "Haven't l done my part? What could 1 do until I I had a record in the courts? If I said a word I would have been expelled from the order, and once outside I would be powerless to act. They talk of prosecution. I am not going to run away. I shall stay here. This is my home. I have done no wrong to the order. What I did I did conscientiously." Once more a vacation was made necessary. The next words the reporter caught were to the effect that the speaker (Mr. Davis) doubted of the bond given by the receiver was worth \$1,000,000, and the members had a right to and it was their duty to see to it that a sufficient bond was given.

Then came the climax in a vehement "I'm in sympathy with the members." This was followed by the statement that he was instrumental in the bringing of the suit. At this point some member asked a question, which, on account of the noise within, the reporter failed to understand, but Mr. Davis's reply, "No, sir! No, sir! I can prove it!" was distinctly heard above the din.

At about 10 o'clock Supreme Accountant
Walker appeared. When the sentinel
opened the door and saw who it was, he
very cordially greeted him as tollows:
"Why the h-l didn't you get here at 7, instead of 10?" To this Walker meekly replied "I couldn't."

Mr. Walker spoke from the time of his arrival until after 11 o'clock. The reporter was unable to catch the first of his speech, but after he got warmed up to the subject a little of it came through the bolted door and found its way into the reporter's note-book. The words caught
were: "A year ago he presumably Somerby shook his fist under
my nose and said: 'D-n you this order is mine, and no man or combination of men can down me?" Then come a short inter-ruption, and Mr. Walker said he had some time ago gone to Baltimore to see Hosmer and tell him of the state of affairs.

"Hosmer was a reputable business man in Baltimore, and I thought he was honest. I told him how Somerby was running things, and he told Somerby what I said. That is the reason Somerby wanted my head." Walker also told of a transacmy head." Walker also told of a transaction between Somerby and Barnes. Barnes wanted to build a house with the Iron Hall funds and give the order a mortgage on the house. Somerby told him it was all right. The house was built with the order's money. Some time after this Barnes wrote to Walker asking for information about the action taken by the finance committee on some matter before it. Somerby saw the letter and Walker said: "The payt the letter, and Walker said: "The next thing I heard of Barnes was that he was expelled from the order." To prove his own honesty Walker said: "Why, I could have robbed the order of \$25,000 a year if I had wanted to, and nobody would have known who got the money."

The branch then appointed a committee of five, with C. B. Feibleman as chairman, to see Judge Taylor and endeavor to have him modify his order requiring members to pay assessment No. 180 in order to share in the division of the assets. Only six of the 450 members of branch No. 1 have paid more than assessment No. 178, and they say they don't like to pay assessments into an order that is in the hands of a receiver. After the meeting had adjourned Mr. Walker stood in the court in front of the building, talking to a small crowd of interested listeners. He told of a meeting held in Philadelphia to organize a branch there. The meeting was held in a room over a brewery, and beer flowed freely to all who wanted 1t.

WALKER TALKS RIGHT OUT.

Says Somerby Had Planned to Wreck the Order and Loot the Treasury. "Ten thousand a year," said the late Supreme Accountant Walker last night, speaking of the late supreme justice, "was not enough for the shoemaker. He wanted millions, and because he could not use Davis and me, he planned to get rid of us. The man he had picked out for Davis's place is named Rouse, of Baltimore. He is hardly competent to be accountant of a local branch. Somerby had said I could stay until the next session of the sitting, if I behaved myself, which meant if I should do as he said. With an honest man at the head of the order for four years past, it could have been kept up for twenty years and then closed, if needs be, honorable, but Somerby had planned to wreck it in 1895. I know that. He wanted to put me and Davis out, get the headquarters and the money removed to Philadelphia, and then the order would have gone up. He sounded me once as to whether he could use me to loot the tressury. I can see it all now. He said one day: I'How easy it would be to fix up some of the warrants on lapses. Nobody would ever know it.' He said it in a light, trivial way, as if it were not meant. I told him I would not do such a thing for \$100,000. He sounded Lander the same way, when he was supreme accountant. Lander used to keep the lapses locked up in an iron sate for fear Somerby would tamper with them. It was as he said. If we had been so disposed, Davis and I could, with certain changes of dates, etc., have taken \$50,000 to \$75,000 yearly of the order's money and nobody been the wiser. That was what Somerby aimed to do, but he found he could not use us. When we became thoroughly convinced of his dishonest nature we went to work to bring about a curtailment of his power by posting one or two men in several branches of what was going on. They bore the news to him, and one day Somerby met me and shook his fist in my face and said:
"I want you to understand the execu-

tive committee and I are one. I built up this order and I intend to run it."
"But why did not Davis make known the \$170,000 donation?" asked the reporter.
"That was not called a donation at the time," was the roply. "It was called a deposit, and the bank directors were to stand good for it. Davis had no power to refuse to do as Somerby said in that matter. If he had refused the executive board would have suspended him on charges and another would have been appointed who would have done as Somerby said, being his creature. Somerby would then have had his own way, just what he wanted. Davis had to deliver the money, or suffer the whole of the order's funds to pass into Somerby's hands. That is why he participated in the bank matter. He said nothing, because, for the good of the order, we wanted the power of the supreme justice

Younghusband Turns Against Somerby. Since a receiver has been appointed and "the jig is up," it is pleasing to note the unanimity with which the "supremers" and their friends turn to rend each other to pieces. Dr. Younghusband, of Detroit. president of the supreme trustees, who has been one of Somerby's right-hand men, is out in an interview denouncing the supreme officers as a den of thieves. Supreme Accountant Walker declares that Somerby will fall into the penitentiary if he ever steps in New York or Massachusetts, where his "unsernpulousness" is thoroughly un-derstood. Somerby's friends declare that Davis got away with that \$86,000 that is missing, and thus it goes.

SOMERBY'S FUTILE EFFORT.

Has Called a Meeting in Chicago to Gather

Up the Pieces. Accountant Henberger, of one of the Chicago branches, telegraphed Receiver Failey that Somerby had issued a call for a meeting of all the branches in that city. At the Iron Hall building it was thought that Somerby was making a last effort to get hold of more funds, and had issued this call for the purpose of inveigling members outside of the State into a scheme to fight the receivership outside of the jurisdiction of the court granting the petition. It is said that a number of telegrams have been received which go to show that Somerby is attempting to get his clutches on all the money he can persuade members to give up.

The attorneys for the receiver attach no importance to these telegrams, from the fact that the order of the court explicitly states that only such branches as comply with the provision for turning all funds over to the receiver shall be entitled to share in the division of assets. The bulk of the funds are within the State of Indiana, and under the jurisdiction of the court, and unless the outside branches submit to the order and surrender their funds to the receiver they will fare considerable worse than their Indiana brothers.

The Chicago Meeting. CHICAGO, Aug. 25 .-- Supreme Justice Som-It was not necessary to get close to the | erby, of the Order of the Iron Hall, left Chi-

cago this morning for Baltimore, where he intends to begin the regeneration of the organization. Mr. Somerby has been in Chicago for the last two days, but has kept himself largely unto himself. Nobody could find him or learn anything of his whereabouts or of his intentions. His lieutenant, W. R. Delano, chief of the order in Illinois, divalged at a secret meeting held to-night, just what Somerby is working to accomplish. The meeting was called by Somerby himself, but he did not remain to attend it. There were present at,this meeting delegates from every lodge of the order in Chicago. Speech after speech was made denouncing Somerby in the severest terms. When Delano rose to make his speech in behalf of Somerby he was overwhelmed with hisses. He finally managed to calm the delegates, and urged them to ask for a receiver for the lilinois lodge of the Iron Hail. He said it was Somer-by's desire that a receiver should be appointed in every State where the order exists; in this way it would be easier to straighten out the affairs and give it a new lease of lite. Somerby, he said, had gone to Baltimore because he believed that Maryland was the best State in which to begin his work of building up the order anew. Delano talked for an hour, and when he sat down had the delegates with him. A committee appoint-ed to select a man to be appointed receiver had not selected a man at midnight, but a man will be presented to the court early to-morrow. During Somerby's stay in Chicago he was located in Delano's house.

WHO IS ENTITLED TO THE MAIL?

Postmaster Thompson Sends a Query to Washington-Referred to Mr. Chambers. The order of Judge Taylor directing the receiver to receive all the mail addressed to the Iron Hall was questioned by Postmaster Thompson, who did not believe the State court has jurisdiction over private mail. He therefore wired the order of the court in full to the Attorney-general. An answer was received yesterday instructing him to deliver as addressed all private letters to those connected with the Iron Hall. Whatever of controversy, however, that there might have been was obviated by the Iron Hall employes signing an order to the receiver, allowing him to receive all their mail and by him to be delivered to them.

The text of the answer received from Washington is as follows:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 25, 1892. . P. Thompson, P. M., India I den't understand that the court is warranted in making order covering anything but official mail matter, that is, mail addressed to the officers or employes of said concern in their official capacity, I know no reason why personal or private mail should not be delivered as addressed. Better see district attorney and have him confer with receiver, so that order can be modified. Advise me of result. R. W. HAYNES.

Acting Assistant Attorney-general.

WILL TAKE EARLY ACTION

International Conference of State Health Boards to Meet Here To-day

President McCormick Arrives-A Committee of Sanitary Experts Will Be Appointed to Visit All Quarantine Ports.

At 12 o'clock last night Dr. J. N. McCormick, of Bowling Green, Ky., president of the international conference of State health boards, arrived in the city, to be present to-day at the meeting of the executive committee, which will occur at the Bates House. The international conference takes in the State health boards of the United States. Mexico and Canada. The executive committee is composed of Dr. J. N. McCormick, president; Dr. H. B. Baker, of Lansing, Mich.; Dr. C. O. Probst, of Columbus, O., and Dr. C. N. Metcalf, this city, the secretaries of the respective State boards of health. "The object of the meeting," said Dr. McCormick last night, "is to take measures to prevent the introduction of the deadly cholera into the United States, and the committee to-day will discuss the advisability of appointing a committee of sanitary experts to visit and investigate the condition of all the quarantine posts on the Atlantic sea-board, from Quebec to Galveston, to learn as to the efficiency of the plants and the methods of conducting them. The international conference want to learn where the weak points are in the coast defenses, and if there are any, to see if they will take the proper steps toward keeping out the scourge. Our information is that that the maritime hospital stations are efficiently conducted, but we want to make sure of it. In all respects the maritime hospital service is working with us. This action is deemed necessary, not because we think there is imminent danger of the introduction of cholera into this country, but because, if active measures are not at once taken, it might be introduced in some of the seaport towns, and slumber there for a year, then to break out as an epidemic. I believe the international conference is a conservative organization, and it wants to be freehanded in this matter. The maritime hospital service has established at various places along the coast efficient quarantine stations, but the great posts, located at New York, Boston, Quebec and other cities are practically under local control," "The executive committee of the international conference is not acting now, then, because it fears immediate danger!"

"No, but we believe in early action. The last time cholera made its great march westward, in 1884, 1885 and 1886, it was kept out of the United States for the first time, and it was because the authorities

acted early and aggressively." "Do you think the executive committee will decide to appoint the committee of sanitary experis to visit the various ports!" "Yes, I do. I shall recommend that it be done. So. I do not know who will be appointed on the committee. There are among the members of the international conference at least a dozen excellent sanitary experts to select from.'

The committee will not be in session longer than to-day, as its only work will be the selection of the expert committee.

Conferring with the President, Secretary Metcalf, of the State Health Board, was at Lafayette, yesterday, conferring with Dr. Taylor, president of the board, with reference to the following

dispatch which he bad received: The following telegram, signed by the prestdent and secretary, has been sent to Surgeon-general Wyman: In view of the westward spread of cholera in Europe, the Illinois State Board of Health earnestly requests that you extend the scope of your order of the 18th inst., so as to include all arrivals from European ports, English included. It is also urged that the order be made operative forthwith. The services of this board are at your disposal in any manner you may in-

Dr. Metcalt returned to this city last night. and will be present at the international conference of State boards of health to-day if the members reach the city in time.

To Protect Chicago. CHICAGO, Aug. 25 .- Dr. F. W. Reilly, secrotary of the State Board of Health, arrived in the city this morning to confer with the health authorities of the city relative to preventive measures against the introduction of cholers in this State. He says that if the disease should secure a foothold in this city it would mean practical ruin to the world's fair; that one or two cases would be almost as injurious as a great many, as intending visitors would fear its reappearance next year. He snggests, in case the disease appears at the seaboard, that camps of detention and disintecting plants be established at all points on the State line at which railroads enter. and that every immigrant be detained and his clothing disintected. He thinks it would be economy for the government to confiscate, burn and pay for the clothing of

all immigrants on arrival. Only \$3.75 to Chicago Via the popular Monon route, the diningcar line.

83.75-To Chicago-83.75 Via Pennsylvania Line from Indianapolis. Big Four-World's Fair Route, \$3.00 to Chicago and Return Via direct all-rail line for all trains Saturday. Aug. 27, good to return on all trains Sunday, 28th, and Monday, 29th.

For the Congressional, Joint Senatorial and Representative Conventions.

Places of Meeting-Governor McKinley's Acceptance-Gerrymander Suit-Workmen and the Tariff.

Primaries will be held to-night, at 7:50 o'clock, throughout the city, for the selection of delegates to three conventions. Those in the rural precincts will be held in the afternoon. The first will meet on Aug. 3r, for the nomination of a Congressman. The others will nominate candidates for Senator and joint Representative to be nominated hereafter. Each ward and township is entitled to precisely the same representation in each con-

as follows: Delegates have beer Wards. First..... 8 Ninth.... Second......13 Tenth Third...... 11 Eleventh..... Fourth.....11 Twelfth.....

Center Township-Northwest (North Indianapolis), 2; northeast (Brightwood), 3; southeast, 3; southwest (West Indianapolis), 4. Woodruff Place, 1. Out Townships—Decatur, 2; Franklin, 2; Law-rence, 2; Perry, 3; Pike, 2; Warren, 2; Washing-

Seventh..... 8 Fifteenth

The primaries will be held at the places named below: First Ward-Corner Ninth and Yandes. Second-Engine-house, Seventh and Ash. Third-25 West Seventh.

ton, 3; Wayne, 6.

burn streets.

Fourth-Corner Rhode Island and Blake Fifth-Engine-house, Washington and Cali-Sixth-Wrinck's stable, 478 North Pennsyl-Seventh-Headquarters fire department. Eighth-Engine-house No. 8, Washington

Ninth-Lynn and Bates streets. Tenth--Mozart Hall. Twelfth-Columbia Hall, Delaware and Mo Carty.
Thirteenth-Engine-house, Virginia avenue, near Huren.

Fourteenth-Fountain Square. Fifteenth—292 West Morris street.
Woodruff Piace—Residence of A. F. Potts.
North Indianapolis—Greenleaf's Hall. Brightwood-Town Hall. Center, southeast-Mankedick's school-house. West Indianapolis-Corner Division and Wood

Decatur-West Newton. Franklin-Acton. Lawrence-Spring Valley. Perry-Southport. Pike-New Augusta. Warren-Brouse's real-estate office, Irvington

Washington-Broad Ripple. Wasne-OM school-house, Haughville. Thinking About the Tariff. "I meet and talk with a great many me-,

chanics," said a prominent veteran in Grand Army circles, "and, being a Republican, I naturally sound them to see where they stand politically. I find that they are giving the tariff question much more attention than they ever did. One young man in our shop, who until recently was talking Democracy until he wearied us, has anddenly become silent. When asked the cause he said that he was considering the tariff question, 'Yes,' said he, in answer to a question, 'I am confident that a larger proportion of the mechanics and skilled wage-earners of the city will vote for Harrison than four years ago. The McKinley law has been followed by such excellent results for mechanics and, indeed, for general labor that it will win many a quiet vote in the ranks of such labor for Harri-

Ten-Dollar Suite. "A few weeks ago," said a prominent manufacturer in this city, "I was looking into the windows of a large clothing store and saw suits marked \$10. I had the curiosity to go in and look at them and the result was that I purchased it. I took it home and put it on and asked my wife how much she supposed it cost. She looked at it and but the figure at \$35 and expressed the hope that I would patronize the tailor who made it. I got so good a fit. When I told her it cost but \$10 she would not beileve it. I know something about foreign clothing, and while ready-made may be as cheap there in dollars, it is not so cheap when fit and style are considered."

Governor McKinley's Acceptance. It is not yet definitely understood throughout the State that the formal opening of the Elwood tin-plate-works has been changed to Sept. 13. This was necessary in order to accommodate the time to Governor McKinley's engagements. The following dispatch, which explains itself. therefore clinches the matter. It was received yesterday, and reads: John K. Gowdy, Chairman:

Governor McKinley accepts 13th at Elwood. WILLIAM H. HAHN, Speakers' Bureau, New York city.

The Gerrymander Suit.

The bill for the gerrymander suit was completed vesterday and will be filed in the course of a few days. It will ask for an injunction against a county clerk to restrain him from issuing an election notice. It is not yet settled where the suit will be filed. The plaintiff will aver that the apportionment is unfair and deprives him, with thousands of other citizens, of the equal political privileges and rights granted by the Constitution. The Democrats, it is said, will fight the suit in the lower court with every means possible.

Fourth Ward Primary. The primary for the selection of delegates to the Republican congressional convention will be held to-night at the southwest corner of Blake and Rhoue Island streets.

Meeting of the "Old Guard." The First Regiment, "Old Guard," will meet this evening at 42 East Court street. A full attendance is requested as there will be business of importance.

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Miss M. E. Phelan has gone East. Misses Mary and Louise Moore are home from a visit to friends. Miss Grace Chency, of Bloomington, Ill.,

is the guest of Miss Frances Perry. Misses Julia and Deborah Moore returned yesterday from Harbor Point, Mich. Mr. and Mrs. Emil Wulschner bave returned from their lake trip to Dulath. Dr. and Mrs. C. I. Flotcher have returned

from an extended trip to the Northern Misses Minnie and Lura Lowe have returned from a two weeks' visit to relatives

Miss Baxter, of Richmond, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Percival Coffin, on North Pennsylvania street. Mrs. John Love is expected home to-mor-

row from Maxinkuckee, where she has been spending a month. Mr. and Mrs. William Tindall have returned from a fortnight's visit to relatives in the southern part of the State.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Ashley and mother will leave next week for a visit to Pittsburg, Cleveland and Put-in Bay. Mr. and Mrs. William E. Coffin, of New York, are visiting Mrs. Coffin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Roberts, on Central avenue. Mrs. Josephine ?. Nichols gaves delightful reception to a number of friends in honor of Mrs. R. R. Parker and daughter.

Mrs. and Miss Towner, of Memphis, who have been the guests of Mrs. F. W. Baugher for several weeks, will return home the last of the week. Mrs. W. J. McKee entertained a few

of Brooklyn.

friends, last evening, in honor of Mrs. Ed-ward Carey, of Chicago, formerly of this city, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Rockwood. Dr. E. S. Elder and wife, Dr. J. J. Gar-ver, Dr. O. B. Johnson and wife, of Lizton; Miss Mary Heron, Mrs. E. C. Thompson and daughter, of Irvington, and Mrs. J. C. Thompson and daughter, of Edinburg, re-

PRIMARIES COME TO-NIGHT

LYDIA PINKHAM: - "My son, I was just thinking how our little group of three generations so strongly demonstrates and illustrates my theory of the transmission of health from mother to child, and what can be more striking than the fact that my vigorous health is reproduced in your darling children."

The normal life, well-being, and happiness of mankind depend upon the physical health and perfection of Woman. Thousands of women in all parts of the civilized world cherish grateful

remembrance of the Vegetable Compound, and daily bless its discoverer.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VECETABLE

Is the only Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy COMPOUND for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women.

It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints, that Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Back, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, Inflammation, Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, and is invaluable to the Change of Life. Dis-

organic Diseases of the Cterus of Womb, and is invaluable to the Change of Life. Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor. Subdues Faintness, Excitability, Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion, and strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility, Indigestion, etc., and invigorates the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex, the Compound has no rival.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of \$1.06.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

An Illustrated book, entitled "Guide to Health and Etiquette," by Lydia E. Pinkham, is of great, value to ladies. We will present a copy to anyone addressing us with two 2-rent stamps.

turned yesterday from a tour to the Northern lakes and Georgian bay.

HALE-WEBBER, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Kokomo, Aug. 25.-An unusual marriage occurred here yesterday. Mr. R. Leonard Hale, of Washington, In., and Miss Jennie Webber, of this city, met for the first time at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and an hour later they were made husband and wife by Rev. Hayden Rayburn. They had corresponded several months, but had not seen each other prior to the wedding-day. Hale is a wealthy young farmer, owning three hundred acres of land, and the bride is foster daughter of Rev. J. J. Wakefield, of this city.

HOFFMAN-TEETERS. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

AUBURN, Ind., Aug. 25 .- The marriage of Miss Anna E. Teeters yesterday and Mr. Marcus I. Hoffman was quite a surprise to a good many of our society people. The wedding was a quiet one, and immediately after the ceremony, at 9:30 A. M., the guests were seated at an elaborate wedding break-

TRIENNIAL SYNOD MEETS

Governing Body of the German Evangelical Church Begins Its Session.

Synodical Sermon by Rev. Zellars-Statistical Report Showing a Gratifying Growth of the Denomination.

The triennial General Synod of the German Evangelical Church of North America convened at Zion Church, on Ohio street, between Meridian and Illinois, yesterday morning, with 160 ministers and laymen present from all parts of the United States. This denomination is not to be confound-

ed with the Evangelical Association which held its quadrennial conference in this city last autumn. While that was Methodistic in its origin and form of government, the German Evangelical Church resembles somewhat the Lutheran its government. It gathers within its fold nearly half a million people in this country, and is particularly strong through-out the middle Western States of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri and lowa. The triennial synod is the controlling body of the denomination, which legis-

lates for the whole. The meeting of the synod is presided over by Rev. J. Zimmerman, of St. Charles. Mo. The regularly-appointed secretary of the synod is detained at home by illness, and a successor will be elected this morning. The synodical sermon was delivered by Rev. A. Zellers, of Rochester, N. Y. The delegates were welcomed in an address by

Rev. Mr. Peters, pastor of Zion Church. Response was made by Rev. Zimmerman. The day was occupied for the most part with routine business, the most interestpresented by Rev. Mr. Zimmerman, It showed an increase of seventy-eight pastors during the past three years, and a gratifying growth in all departments of the church work. The principal figures of the

| report are as ionowa. | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Past rs | 730 |
| Congregations | 898 |
| Schools of parishes | 55 |
| Pupils of parish schools | 16.59 |
| Pupils of Sunday-schools | 166,286 |
| Communicants | 167,37 |
| Christenings in the past three years | 67.18 |
| Confirmations in the past three years | 29,58 |
| Marriages in the past three years | 17,00 |
| Births in the past three years | 28,49 |
| Aid collections | \$266,22 |
| The synod expects to be able to c | |

Only \$3.75 to Chicago Via the popular Monon route, the diningcar line.

The Big Four Route. The Last Niagara Falls Excursion of the season,
Tuesday, Aug. 30, 1892.
Trains will leave Indianapolis 1:30 p. m. and
7:00 p. m., and arrive at the falls 7:30 next

Diagrams now open for sleepers and recliningchair cars. Call early and reserve space at Big Four ticket offices, No. 1 East Washington street, 36 Jackson place and Union Station. H. M. Bronson, A. G. P. A.

Big Four Route. Rail and Lake Excursion. \$2.50 to Benton Harbor and return. \$3.50 to Chicago and return, \$5.50 to Milwaukee and return For all trains of Michigan division Aug. 27. good to return for ten days.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS

August 30, September 27 and October 25 The I., D. & W. railway will sell tickets at half fare to all points in Arkansas, Texas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Color-ado, Wyoming, Utah, New Mexico, Idaho, Mon-tana and southwest Missouri. Tickets will be good returning twenty days. For full informa-tion, maps, rates and tickets call on or address J. G. Hollenbeck, passenger agent, 134 South Illinois street, Indianapolis, Ind.

SAFELY and certainly that great external remedy, Glenn's Sulphur Soap, removes cutaneous eruptions by opening the pores whose obstruc-tion was the cause of the difficulty. Test and you will indorse it. Beautiful shades of black or brown are produced by Hill's Hair Dye.



Vanilla Of perfect purity-Lemon | Of great strength-Orange Economy in their use. Rose,elc. Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.



Ladies' exclusive Shoe Store. Fine

wear a specialty. Prices reasonable.

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72 North Illinois Street.

LADY ATTENDANT.

FREE AMBULANCE. Only White Team in City.

TELEPHONE 641, OR TAKE ELECTRIC CARS

FUNERAL NOTICE. ABBETT-The funeral of Mrs. Abigail Abbett, widow of Dr. Lawson Abbett, will take place from her late residence, 273 Christian avenue, Saturday after noon, at 3 o'clock. Friends invited.

SOCIETY NOTICES. TASONIC-A, A.O. N. M. S.-NOBLES ATTEND evening, at 8 o'clock. By order JNO. T. BRUSH, Potentate. JOS. W. SMITH, Recorder.

LOST. OST - A BROWN SPOTTED DANE PUP Return to 19 East Ohio st., and receive reward LOST-JERSEY COW. IF FOUND, RETURN to C. VAN CAMP, 714 North Delaware street

ANNOUNCEMENTS. A NNOUNCEMENT - ZITHER LESSONS BY Prof. A. Arusthal, late of New York. No. 35 WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED-TO KNOW, THE COOLEST BATH-rooms in the city at the Grand barber shop. Come and try them. WANTED-YOUNG LADIES WANTING A good home-like boarding-place, to call at 339 East Market street.

WANTED - ALL MACHINISTS TO STAY away from the Jenny Electric Moter Co., as there is trouble. WANTED - AGENTS - EITHER MALE OR sell medicines. Five persons in each county in the U. S. afflicted with any form of skin disease will be furnished with medicine sufficient to effect a perfect cure free f charge by writing to J. J. RALYA, M. D.,

WANTED - GENERAL AGENT FOR CEN-tral and Western Indiana, to handle the Miller Chemical Engines-only Fire Extinguisher made. Must have experience as salesman, be well recom-mended and well acquainted in Indianapolis. No others apply. THE MILLER CHEMICAL EN-GINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR RENT. O LET-175 WEST SOUTH STREET. SIX-room cottage, both gases, without small children

NOTICE.

TOTICE-IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL oPERA-HOUSE BLOCK at Alexandria, Indiana, until 2 o'clock p. m., MONDAY, SEPT. 5, 1892

Plans and specifications on the at the Alexandria

Right reserved to reject any and all bids. Address C. F. HERITAGE,

Alexandria, Ind.

FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE FOR SALE-CHOICE LOT ON DELAWARE ST. in Lincoln Park, at a bargain. Must be sold. F. T. MCWHIRTER, 74 East Market st.

FOR SALE-MISCELL | NEOUS. COR SALE-100 YEARLING SHROPSHIRE I bucks and ewes, sired by imported buck. Inquire of O. C. GOLDSMITH, Lafayette, Ind.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS. BUILDING AND LOAN-PLYMOUTH SAV Vinton Block, Pennsylvania street. Conservative, careful management. Profitable investment its ex-perience. Loans made at moderate premiums. In-vestigation solicited. Information freely given. BUILDING AND LOAN-AU--UST 10, 1892. The Star Saving and Loan Association will start the twentieth series of \$200 shares and the secon

series of \$100 shares, dues 25c per week in each. No assessment for expenses. Money furnished promptly to borrowers. The \$200 share provides for borrowers who wish for easy payments, and the \$100 shares for those who wish to pay off their loans quickly. Dues received and information furnished at 68 EastMarket st. H. M. HADLEY, president, H. H. FAY, secretary. FINANCIAL.

LOANS - MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. F. SAYLES, 75 East Market street. SIX PER CENT. ON CITY PROPERTY IN Indiana. ISAAC H. KIERSTED, 13 Martindale Block. MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES-TERMS ressonable. At Thorpe's Block, East Market street. McGILLIARD & DARK.

LOANS-SUMS OF \$100 TO \$100,000.
City property and farms.
C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW. due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY

TEFFERSONVILLE, IND., August 24, 1892 .description of the season of t Friday, the 23d day of September, 1892, for turnishing at the Q. M. Depot here, 100,000 gallons of Mineral Oil, of 185° hash test, in cases of two five-Mineral Oil, of 185° hash test, in cases of two five-gallen cans each. Government reserves right to re-ject any or all proposals and to accept the whole quan-ity, or any portion of the mineral oil bid for. All in-formation furnished on application here. Envel-opes containing proposals should be marked "Propo-sals for Mineral Oil," and addressed to Colonel HENRY C. HODGES, Assistant Quartermaster, general, U. S. Army, Depot Quartermaster.

Sunday Journal, by mail, \$2 a Year